

# Suicide Prevention and First Responders

October 2nd, 2013
Webinar for small counties

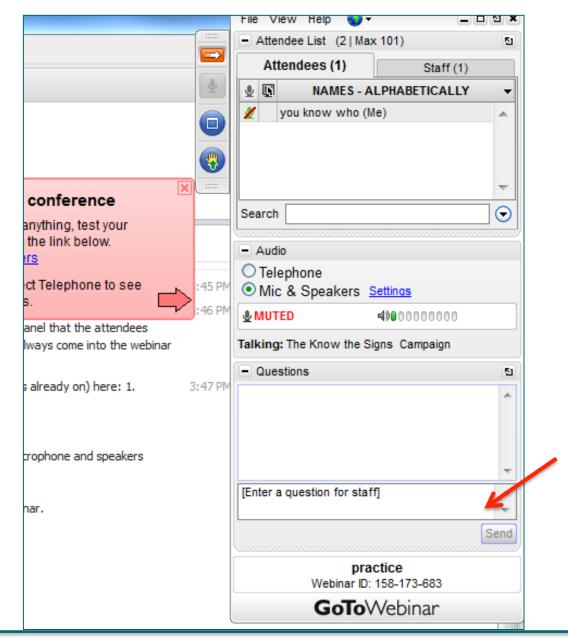




#### Welcome!

- Please <u>mute</u> your line
- If you have a <u>question</u>, please type it into the "Questions" box or "raise your hand" by clicking the hand logo on your control panel





## Agenda for Today's webinar

- Roles of first responders in prevention and postvention
- Supporting first responders
- Examples of how behavioral health agencies are working with first responders

### Today we'll hear from:

- Stan Collins, Consultant, San Diego County Suicide Prevention Council
- Anne Robin and Captain Andy Duch,
   Butte County
- Stasia Pringle, Shasta County
- and YOU!

#### Poll

Is your county engaged in any suicide prevention work with first responders?

Yes

• No

Not sure

# "First responders are in a unique position to determine the course and outcome of suicidal crises."

-World Health Organization, 2009

# Suicide Prevention Gatekeeper Training for First Responders

Law Enforcement and Emergency Medical Services



a project facilitated by:

COMMUNITY HEALTH

IMPROVEMENT PARTNERS

making a difference together



Stan Collins, Consultant

San Diego Suicide

Prevention Council

## Why is this important to you?

 First responders do and will encounter mental illness, on the job and in their life.

 First responders can and do make a huge difference in the way they handle these calls.

# Increase in Mental Health Related Crisis Calls

- Agencies and departments throughout the country have witnessed an increase in mental health crisis related calls over the past 2-3 years.
  - "The fact of the matter is since 2008 we've seen an almost 53 percent increase in calls for service in the San Diego Police Department for persons in crisis"
    - Former SDPD Assistant Police Chief Boyd Long, Dec. 17<sup>th</sup>, 2012

### Other roles of first responder

- Colleague
- Friend
- Family Member
- Community Member
- Role Model

### **Objectives of Training**

- Help prepare first responders to prevent suicide by:
  - Raising awareness about factors of suicide
  - Learning conversation tools for suicide prevention
  - Discussing resources available to you, and for community members; how best to utilize them
  - Understanding factors of suicide to help educate community members to recognize if someone is at risk for suicide, and how to appropriately respond

## Objectives of Training (cont'd)

- Explore the issue of suicide and suicide prevention in San Diego and across the nation
- Discuss other efforts for suicide prevention in San Diego County
- Resources
- Question and Answer

### Asking about Suicide Intent

Are you thinking about suicide?

Do you have a plan?

 When was the last time you thought about suicide?

# Recommendations for discussing thoughts of suicide

- Give yourself plenty of time
- Avoid Yes/No questions
- Allow the person to speak freely
- Respect the persons privacy
- Have your resources handy

# Two Functional Approach Styles

- Detached Concern
   vs.
- Empathic Concern

#### Detached Concern Approach

- Typical approach of most medical, law enforcement and fire personnel for most situations
  - Saves time in life-threatening emergencies when eliciting factual information or giving instructions
- Asks necessary questions/provides necessary information
  - Visual: Limited eye contact
  - Physical: Only as required for job
  - Verbal: Courteous but formal (or clinical) tone of voice

#### **Empathic Concern Approach**

Best approach for emotionally upset or frightened people.

Asks necessary questions/provides necessary information

- Visual: Maintains eye contact
  - At eye level if possible
- Physical: Appropriate physical contact
  - Hand on shoulder, back of arm
- Verbal: Friendly, caring tone of voice
  - Like you would use for a (loved) family member
  - Reflective Listening "one-liners"
  - Reassuring statements

### First responders and postvention

**Postvention** is any intervention that happens after a suicide to reduce the negative consequences for survivors.

<u>Postvention is also prevention</u>, because survivors of suicide loss may themselves be at increased risk of suicide over time.

### Helping Suicide Loss Survivors

- Express empathy
- Briefly explain the investigation process
- Help survivors find support:
  - Friends and family members
  - Support Groups
  - Provide written materials about resources

# Suicide prevention for law enforcement

Stasia Pringle
Shasta Suicide Prevention Workgroup
2013

#### **Cultural barriers**

Unlikely to accept help from "outsiders"
Unlikely to talk to fellow officers

Man-up environment

#### The crisis behind the scenes

- Substance abuse/self-medicating behavior
- High stress/cumulative stress
- No help-seeking behavior
- 100 percent firearm ownership
- High suicide rate

#### How to present your message

- A cop to cop message
- Make it law enforcement schedule friendly

#### How to get them to attend

- General announcements will not work
- Use law enforcement training schedules
- Use peer support groups and other LE to promote the message

#### Next time

- Better resources for help
- Rank and file officers
- Firefighters weren't interested

# Partnerships between law enforcement and behavioral health for suicide prevention

Anne Robin, Director, Butte County Behavioral Health

Captain Andy Duch, Jail and Court Security Commander, Butte County Sheriff's Office

# Questions & Discussion

If you have a <u>question</u>, please type it into the "Questions" box or "raise your hand" by clicking the hand logo on your control panel



#### Resources – first responders and suicide prevention

- Preventing Suicide: A resource for police, firefighters and other first line responders. World Health Organization. 2009
- The role of EMS providers in preventing suicide. SPRC, 2013
- Emergency responders management of patients who may have attempted suicide. Internet Journal of Rescue and Disaster Medicine, 2006.
- Question, Persuade, Refer (QPR) Training for EMS/Firefighters.

#### Resources – Postvention and survivor support

What emergency responders need to know about suicide loss: A suicide postvention handbook. Montgomery County EMS. 2009

A guide for early responders supporting survivors bereaved by suicide. Winnipeg Suicide Prevention Network. 2012

#### Resources –Support for first responders

- A Manager's Guide to Suicide Prevention in the Workplace: 10
  action steps for dealing with the aftermath of a suicide. By the
  Workplace Prevention Task Forces of the American Association
  of Suicidology and the National Action Alliance for Suicide
  Prevention.
- Firefighters coping with the aftermath of a suicide video.
   Carson J Spencer Foundation, 2013.
- How can emergency responders manage their own response to a traumatic event? American Academy of Experts in Traumatic Stress, 2001.

## Thank you!

Sandra Black sblack@edc.org

Anara Guard aguard@edc.org

Theresa Ly tly@edc.org

#### **Next small county webinar:**

Wednesday, November 6th, 2-3pm Suicide Prevention and the Faith Community

Please fill out the Evaluation that will be emailed to you after the webinar!

Webinar will be archived on www.yourvoicecounts.org